

# CHARTERED GOVERNANCE QUALIFYING PROGRAMME (CGQP)

## Programme Part 2

### 2.1 Boardroom Dynamics

#### Introduction

The aim of this module is to provide the advanced knowledge, understanding and skills needed for the company secretary/governance professional to support boardroom performance by enabling both effective individual behaviours and group processes.

In recent years, high-profile corporate failures, maturing codes of governance, and an increasing interest in human capital intangibles have led to an increase in calls for governance professionals to focus on how the board works in practice as well as in theory. Technical considerations are necessary but not sufficient to engender good governance. An appreciation of and competence in more behavioural, cultural and psychological aspects of boardroom practice is essential to being an effective modern company secretary/ governance professional.

This module explores boardroom practice in detail with a particular focus on understanding the dynamics of, and between, members of the board and how these factors contribute to an effective board and the sustainability of an organisation. The module also covers what boards and company secretaries/ governance professionals can do differently and how they can influence and effect change within the remit of their role.

#### Module content

- Section A: The importance of boardroom dynamics
- Section B: Understanding boardroom dynamics
- Section C: Effecting change in the boardroom

#### Pre-requisite learning

It is recommended that students complete all other modules in the qualifying programme before attempting this module to ensure they have gained the underpinning technical knowledge for successful completion of this module.

## Learning outcomes

After successful completion of this module you should be able to:

- 1 Demonstrate an understanding of the importance of boardroom dynamics for organisations.
- 2 Demonstrate an understanding of the different facets of boardroom dynamics.
- 3 Critically evaluate how boardroom dynamics might affect the quality of relationships, decision-making, conversations, culture, diversity and other factors.
- 4 Apply formal and informal methods to positively influence dynamics and enhance boardroom performance.

## Section A: The importance of boardroom dynamics

### Learning Outcome

- Understand why focussing on boardroom dynamics is becoming increasingly important for organisations.

### Key topics

- A.1 The emergence of board dynamics in governance
- A.2 Governance structures
- A.3 Board director demographics and attributes

### A.1 The emergence of board dynamics in governance

- A1.1 The evolving focus on governance
- A1.2 Organisational failures
- A1.3 Interest in human factors
- A1.4 Shifts in approaches to leadership
- A1.5 Focus on ethics
- A1.6 How corporate governance is maturing:
- A1.7 Shift in board research away from structural factors
- A1.8 A broader model for corporate governance

### A.2 Governance structures

- A2.1 Governance theory related to board structure
- A2.2 Defining structural elements of boards and the impact of board structures on performance
- A2.3 Director considerations
- A2.4 Board task:
- A2.5 Summary of board structural configuration and compliance

### 3. Board director demographics and attributes

- A3.1 Board demographics
- A3.2 Key individual technical components
- A3.3 Board attributes

## Section B Understanding boardroom dynamics

### Learning Outcome

- Understand the different facets of boardroom dynamics
- Be able to critically evaluate how dynamics might affect the quality of relationships, decision-making, conversations, culture, diversity and other factors

### Key topics

- B.1 Psychology of the board
- B.2 Board decision making
- B.3 Stakeholder conversations
- B.4 Culture in the boardroom
- B.5 Diversity in the boardroom
- B.6 The effect of meeting design on boardroom dynamics

#### B.1 Psychology of the board

- B1.1 The importance of board dynamics relative to board structure, demographics and attributes
- B1.2 Defining board dynamics
- B1.3 Psychological theories underpinning board dynamics
- B1.4 Characteristics of boards and board meetings
- B1.5 Boards as high performing teams
- B1.6 Board team outcomes
- B1.7 Board team processes

#### B.2 Board decision making

- B2.1 Board decision making: an overview
- B2.2 Evidence-based boards
- B2.3 Cognitive bias
- B2.4 Individual differences in relation to decision making
- B2.5 Decision making tools
- B2.6 Board team decision making: key factors and tools

### **B.3 Stakeholder conversations**

- B3.1 Introduction to stakeholder systems
- B3.2 The systems inside the board
- B3.3 Individual director lens
- B3.4 Inter-personal board relationships lens
- B3.5 Team relationships lens
- B3.6 Team tasks lens – purpose, picture, plan, parts
- B3.7 The systems outside the board External stakeholder lens
- B3.8 Wider systemic influences

### **B.4 Culture in the boardroom**

- B4.1 Governance and culture
- B4.2 Defining board culture
- B4.3 Board cultural markers
- B4.4 Board cultural dynamics
- B4.5 How to influence board culture

### **B.5 Diversity in the boardroom**

- B5.1 Defining and understanding the meaning of diversity in governance
- B5.2 Types of diversity
- B5.3 The impact of diversity on dynamics and performance
- B5.4 Diversity mindset
- B5.5 How to promote a diversity mindset

### **B.6 The effect of meeting design on boardroom dynamics**

- B6.1 Introduction to meeting design - the challenge of meetings
- B6.2 Design of board meetings
- B6.3 Physical characteristics
- B6.4 Procedural characteristics
- B6.5 Attendee characteristics
- B6.6 The board design checklist

## **Section C Effecting change in the boardroom**

### **Learning outcome**

- Understand how to use formal and informal methods to positively influence dynamics and enhance boardroom performance

### **Key topics**

- C.1 The role of the governance professional in influencing the board
- C.2 Effective talent management
- C.3 Board evaluation
- C.4 Cultural differences in boardroom dynamics
- C.5 Developing behavioural agility
- C.6 Maintaining personal resilience

### **C.1 The role of the governance professional in influencing the board**

- C1.1 The 21st century governance professional
- C1.2 The company secretary as strategic leader
- C1.3 Leadership influence
- C1.4 Ethical dilemmas

### **C.2 Effective talent management**

- C2.1 Board talent management overview
- C2.2 Board competencies
- C2.3 Board recruitment
- C2.4 Board induction
- C2.5 Board learning and development
- C2.6 Board performance management

### **C.3 Board evaluation**

- C3.1 The company secretary as board consultant
- C3.2 The current landscape of board evaluation
- C3.3 How to conduct board evaluations
- C3.4 Board evaluation

#### **C.4 Cultural differences in boardroom dynamics**

- C4.1 The company secretary as a cultural diplomat
- C4.2 Cultural development
- C4.3 Company culture
- C4.4 Sector culture
- C4.5 Country culture

#### **C.5 Developing behavioural agility**

- C5.1 The company secretary as a team coach
- C5.2 One-to-one coaching
- C5.3 Mentor
- C5.4 Systemic team coaching
- C5.5 Facilitator
- C5.5 Other supporting roles

#### **C.6 Maintaining personal resilience**

- C6.1 The requirement for resilience
- C6.2 The stress response
- C6.3 Defining resilience
- C6.4 Building resilience

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